#### SEMESTER III

| COURSE TITLE               | BIO-ORGANIC CHEMISTRY |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| COURSE CREDITS             | 04                    |
| TOTAL CONTACT HOURS        | 56                    |
| DURATION OF ESA            | 03                    |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 40                    |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 60                    |

#### **Course outcome:**

These topics will enable students to understand the fundamentals of organic chemistry pertinent to their importance in understanding biochemical reactions.

| Course outcomes /Program | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| outcomes                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| Aptitude                 | X | X | X | X |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| Critical thinking        |   | X |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| Subject clarity          | X | X |   |   |   | X | X | X |   | X  |    | X  |
| Analytical skill         | X |   |   |   | X | X | X | X | X |    |    | X  |

## **UNIT 1: Reaction mechanisms and aliphatic hydrocarbons**

14 hours

Introduction, meaning of the term - kinetic and non-kinetic, homo and heterolytic cleavage. Reactive intermediates of the following – free radicals, carbo cations and carbanions, carbines, nucleophiles and electrophiles (Formation and Stability). Concept of inductive effect, mesomeric effect, resonance, and hyper conjugation. Classification of organic reactions (substitution, addition, elimination, and re-arrangement) with two examples for each.

Hydrocarbons: Alkenes - Mechanism of addition of HCl to propene, Markownikoff's rule, Peroxide effect, oxidation, ozonolysis. Alkynes – formation of acetylides and their importance. Dienes—types with examples. Conjugate dienes, 1,3-butadiene – stability, mechanism of addition of HBr. Conformational analysis of ethane and n-butane.

#### UNIT 2: Mechanism of substitution, elimination, and addition reactions 14 hours

 $S_{\rm N}1$  and  $S_{\rm N}2$  reactions - mechanism, energy profile diagrams, Stereochemistry, factors affecting  $SN_2$  and  $SN_1{\rm reactions}$ 

Elimination reactions – Zaitsev rule,  $E_1$  &  $E_2$  mechanism. Stereochemistry of  $E_1$  &  $E_2$  reactions,  $E_2$  &  $E_1$  elimination from cyclic compounds.

Addition reactions - aldehydes and ketones - nucleophilic addition (acetals & ketals formation); addition of ammonia, primary amines, and other ammonium derivatives. Conjugate addition - conjugation addition in alpha and beta unsaturated aldehydes and ketones (1, 2 and 1,4 addition).

#### UNIT 3: Mechanism of electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions 14 hours

Aromatic compounds - aromaticity, criteria for aromaticity, anti-aromatic, and non-aromatic compounds with examples. Mechanism of electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions - halogenation, nitration, sulfonation, friedel crafts alkylation and acylation. Relative reactivity of substituted benzenes, polycyclic benzenoid and hydrocarbons.

#### Coenzymes:

Definition, thiamine pyrophosphate - structure and its role in decarboxylation of alpha - keto acids.

Biotin - structure and its role in carboxylation reactions of carbohydrate and lipid metabolism.

Vit  $B_{12}$  its role in rearrangement reactions.

Vit B<sub>2</sub> coenzymes its role in redox reactions with suitable examples.

### **UNIT 4: Bio-organic compounds**

14 hours

Alcohols: classification with examples, monohydric alcohols: general and distinguishing reactions (primary, secondary and tertiary). Dihydric alcohols: glycols, Tri hydric alcohols: glycerol – synthesis from propene, properties and uses. Phenols: classification with examples, electronic interpretation of acidity of phenols, mechanism of Kolbe, Reimer – Tiemann and bromination reactions.

Hydroxy acids: structure and properties: Lactic acid, Citric acid and Isocitric acid. Dicarboxylic acids: Maleic and Fumaric acid. Ketoacids: Pyruvic, α-Ketoglutaric, Oxaloacetic acid.

Carbonyl compounds: General properties, Keto-enol tautomerism. Mechanisms: addition of HCN to acetaldehyde, claisen and aldol condensations. Quinones: o and p-benzoquinones structure.

Amines: Classification, properties – Basicity of amines, acylation; reaction with HNO<sub>2</sub> & Schiff's base formation. Distinguishing reactions of primary, secondary and tertiary amines.

Heterocyclic compounds: Definition, classification with examples, structure and biological importance of furan, pyrrole, thiophene, pyridine, pyran, thiazole, pyrimidine, purine, indole, imidazole, quinoline and isoquinoline. Basicity of pyrrole and pyridine.

Terpenes: Definition, Isoprene rule, classification, structure and biological importance of menthol, camphor, farnesol, phytol, lanosterol, lycopene and dolichols.

Steroids: Basic ring structure; Structure and biological importance of cholesterol, phytosterols, ergosterol, cortisol,  $\beta$ -estradiol, testosterone, and aldosterone. Bile acids (mono, di & tri cholic acids).

Alkaloids: Definition, classification based on their structure and biological functions, Isolation of alkaloids, structure and physiological action of morphine, nicotine and atropine.

#### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Textbook of Organic Chemistry 22<sup>nd</sup> Edition S. Chand Publishers 2019.
- 2. Organic Chemistry. Vol. I Fundamental Principles. I. L. Finar. 6<sup>th</sup> Edn. ELBS, 2002
- 3. Organic Mechanisms, Peter Sykes, Longman, 1977
- 4. Organic Chemistry. R.T. Morrison and R.N. Boyd. 6<sup>th</sup> Edn. Prentice Hall, India, 2018
- 5. Lehninger- Principles of Biochemistry; DL Nelson and MM Cox [Eds), 6<sup>th</sup> Edn. Macmillan Publications 2012
- 6. Chemistry- An Introduction to General, Organic and Biological Chemistry, 7<sup>th</sup> Edn. Karen C. Timberlake, Benjamin Cummings, 1999
- 7. Reaction Mechanisms at a Glance, ed. M. Moloney, Blackwell Science 2000.

| Formative Assessment         |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| ASSESSMENT OCCASION          | WEIGHTAGE IN MARKS |  |  |  |  |  |
| CLASS TEST ( 2 CLASS TESTS ) | 20                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SEMINARS / CLASS WORK        | 10                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASSIGNMENT/ OPEN DISCUSSION  | 10                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL                        | 40                 |  |  |  |  |  |

#### SEMESTER III

#### PRACTICALS III

| COURSE TITLE               | BIO-ORGANIC CHEMISTRY |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| COURSE CREDITS             | 02                    |
| TOTAL CONTACT HOURS        | 4 Hours/Week          |
| DURATION OF ESA            | 03                    |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 25                    |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 25                    |

#### **Course outcome:**

This course aims to familiarize students with the principles of organic chemistry and basic qualitative analysis of organic compounds. Course objective is to provide experimental practice of preparation of organic compounds and extraction of biologically important compounds.

#### **Experiments:**

I. Systematic qualitative analysis of organic compounds (6 practicals)

| 1. Urea         | 2. Glucose        | 3. Aniline      |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 4. Benzoic Acid | 5. Salicylic acid | 6. Benzaldehyde |
| 7. Acetophenone | 8. Chlorobenzene  | 9. Nitrobenzene |

- II. Preparation of following organic compounds (2 practicals)
  - 1. Acetylation: Preparation of acetyl salicylic acid from salicylic acid.
  - 2. Oxidation: Preparation of benzoic acid from benzaldehyde.
  - 3. Nitration: Preparation of m-dinitrobenzene from nitrobenzene.
  - 4. Hydrolysis: Preparation of benzoic acid from ethyl benzoate.

#### III. Extractions

- 1. Extraction of caffeine from tea leaves
- 2. Extraction of starch from potatoes
- 3. Extraction of casein from milk

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis by S.P. Bhutani, A. Chhikara 2009
- 2. Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry Including Qualitative Organic Analysis by Arthur Israel Vogel 2003
- 3. Comprehensive practical organic chemistry- preparation and quantitative analysis. V. K. Ahluwalia and Renu Aggarwal 2004

- 4. Practical Hand Book of Systematic Organic Qualitative Analysis. Md. Rageeb Md. Usman, S. S. Patil 2017
- 5. Laboratory Manual of Inorganic & Organic Chemistry (Qualitative Analysis) Kalpa Mandal, Sonia Ratnani 2020

| Formative Assessment                 |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ASSESSMENT OCCASION                  | WEIGHTAGE IN MARKS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CONTINUOUS EVALUATION AND CLASS TEST | 15                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RECORD / VIVA VOCE                   | 10                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL                                | 25                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### SEMESTER III

#### **OPEN ELECTIVE 1**

| COURSE TITLE               | BIOCHEMICAL TECHNIQUES |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| COURSE CREDITS             | 03                     |
| TOTAL CONTACT HOURS        | 42                     |
| DURATION OF ESA            | 03                     |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 40                     |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 60                     |

#### **Course outcome:**

These topics will enable students to develop competence in handling various chromatographic, electrophoretic and isotopic techniques and apply them in isolating and characterizing different biological molecules.

UNIT 1:

**Microscopy:** Different types of microscopes – electron microscopes – TEM, SEM. Fluorescence and confocal microscopes used in fine structure studies.

**Centrifugation:** Introduction, basic principles, and applications. Types of centrifuges and their use – table top centrifuges, large capacity refrigerated centrifuges, high speed refrigerated centrifuges, continuous flow centrifuges, Preparative ultra - centrifuges, analytical ultracentrifuges, and density gradient centrifugation.

UNIT 2:

**Chromatography:** Introduction, classification of chromatographic techniques. Principle and applications of paper chromatography, thin layer chromatography, column chromatography - adsorption chromatography, gel permeation, ion exchange chromatography, affinity chromatography, gas chromatography, FPLC, high performance (pressure) liquid chromatography.

**Electrophoresis:** Principles and application of paper electrophoresis, starch gel electrophoresis, polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, agarose gel electrophoresis, isoelectric focusing, isotachophoresis, pulse field electrophoresis, two-dimensional electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis, preparative.

UNIT 3:

**Radio isotopes:** Introduction to isotopes; nature of radioactive decay, rate of radioactive decay, units of radioactivity, measurement of radioactivity - proportional counters, scintillation counter, autoradiography, isotopic dilution technique. Applications of radioisotopes in the biological systems.

**Spectroscopy:** Introduction, nature of electromagnetic radiations; Principles and applications of the Visible and Ultraviolet spectroscopy, Fluorescence spectroscopy, Infrared spectroscopy, Optical rotation dispersion (ORD), Circular dichroism (CD), electron spin resonance (ESR), Atomic Absorption spectroscopy, Nuclear Magnetic resonance (NMR) and Mass spectroscopy.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Modern Experimental Biochemistry: Rodney Boyer, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn. Benjamin Cummings, 2000
- 2. Practical Skills in Biomolecular Sciences: R Reed, D. Holmes, J. Weyers, and A. Jones 1998
- 3. Physical Biochemistry: David Frifielder 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1983
- 4. Biophysical Chemistry Upadya and Upadya, 2016
- 5. Introductory Practical Biochemistry: SK Sawhney and Randhir Singh, 2001

| Formative Assessment         |                    |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| ASSESSMENT OCCASION          | WEIGHTAGE IN MARKS |  |  |  |  |
| CLASS TEST ( 2 CLASS TESTS ) | 20                 |  |  |  |  |
| SEMINARS / CLASS WORK        | 10                 |  |  |  |  |
| ASSIGNMENT/ OPEN DISCUSSION  | 10                 |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL                        | 40                 |  |  |  |  |

#### **SEMESTER III**

#### **OPEN ELECTIVE 2**

| COURSE TITLE               | HORMONES - BIOCHEMISTRY |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|
|                            | AND FUNCTION            |
| COURSE CREDITS             | 03                      |
| TOTAL CONTACT HOURS        | 42                      |
| DURATION OF ESA            | 03                      |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 40                      |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 60                      |

**Course outcome**: These topics will enable the students to:

- Understand the function of hormones and their regulation.
- Know how hormonal systems act in an integrated manner to regulate overall body functions.
- Understand how failure of these normal physiologic functions and integrations are associated with some endocrine disorders.

UNIT 1:

Cell signaling introduction, intercellular communication, chemical signaling - endocrine, paracrine, autocrine, and neuroendocrine signalng. Mechanisms of hormone action: synergism, antagonism, permissive effects; regulation of synthesis and secretion of hormones. Classification of hormones by its origin, chemical structure, location and mechanism of action. Physiological role and disorders of Pituitary, Pineal, Thyroid and Parathyroid hormones. Hypothalamus: Introduction, as a true master gland. Neurohypophysis and its secretions – ADH and Oxytocin.

UNIT 2:

Hormones of pancreas, adrenal gland, and placenta: their physiological role and disorders. Mechanism of action, target tissues, and the physiological effects of gastrointestinal hormones. Structure and functions of sex hormones; Hormones during ovarian and uterine phases of menstrual cycle. Role of placental hormones during parturition and lactation. Introduction to gastrointestinal hormones and neurotransmitters (Acetyl choline, GABA, Serotonin). Hormone receptors: receptors in the cell membrane and in the cell. Secondary and tertiary messengers (cAMP and

Ca<sup>+2</sup>). Overview on signal transduction pathways for steroidal and non-steroidal hormones (One example each).

UNIT 3:

Clinical endocrinology - Blood volume, composition and functions of plasma and serum. Separation and storage of body fluids (blood, CSF and lymph). Methods of hormone estimation: principles, normal range of hormones in tissues and clinical conditions with interpretations. Thyroid function test- Determination of T3, T4, and TSH. Infertility profile: Determination of LH, FSH, TSH, Estrogen, Progesterone, Total Testosterone, Free testosterone. Major manifestations of disease of the endocrine - pancreas, thyroid, hypothalamus and pituitary disease.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Norman AW, Litwack G (1997), Hormones, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Elsevier Publications.
- 2. Bolander F (2004), Molecular Endocrinology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Elsevier Publications.
- 3. Rifai N (2007), Teitz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Elsevier Publications.
- 4. Henry's Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods (2011), 22<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Elsevier.
- 5. Vasudevan DM (2011), Text book of Medical Biochemistry, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Jaypee Publishers.
- 6. Chatterjea MN & Shinde R (2012), Text book of Medical Biochemistry, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Jayppe Publications.
- 7. Bishop ML, Fody EP, Schoeff LE (2013), Clinical Chemistry: Principles, Techniques, and Correlations, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley Publications.
- 8. J N Singh (2017), Biochemistry General, Hormonal and Clinical 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Atithi books Publishers.
- 9. Rifai N (2017), Teitz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition Saunders Publications.

| Formative Assessment         |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| ASSESSMENT OCCASION          | WEIGHTAGE IN MARKS |  |  |  |  |  |
| CLASS TEST ( 2 CLASS TESTS ) | 20                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SEMINARS / CLASS WORK        | 10                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASSIGNMENT/ OPEN DISCUSSION  | 10                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL                        | 40                 |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **SEMESTER IV**

| COURSE TITLE               | ANALYTICAL   |
|----------------------------|--------------|
|                            | BIOCHEMISTRY |
| COURSE CREDITS             | 04           |
| TOTAL CONTACT HOURS        | 56           |
| DURATION OF ESA            | 03           |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 40           |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 60           |

**Course outcome**: These topics will enable the students to

- Understand the concept of biological sample preparation
- Appreciate chemistry and application of analytical instruments.
- Get acquainted with care and maintenance of equipment and chemicals.
- Understand clinically relevant biochemical analysis of all biochemical components i.e., proteins, electrolytes, hormones etc.,
- Have basic knowledge of clinical and forensic analytical methods and their principles.

| Course outcomes /Program | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| outcomes                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| Aptitude                 | X | X | X | X |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| Critical thinking        |   | X |   |   |   | X |   |   |   |    |    |    |
| Subject clarity          | X | X |   |   |   |   |   | X |   |    |    | X  |
| Analytical skill         |   |   |   | X | X | X | X | X | X | X  | X  | X  |

#### **UNIT 1:** Biological sample preparation and fractionation

14 hours

Introduction and objectives of sample preparation from tissues and cells. Sample preparation types: living, postmortem, extraction of macromolecules: liquid-liquid, liquid-solid and precipitation methods.

**Centrifugation-** Introduction, principle, sedimentation, sedimentation coefficient, angular velocity, centrifugal field, relative centrifugal field. Types – Preparative, analytical, differential, density gradient and ultra-centrifugation. Basic instrumentation: types of rotors and their design. Laboratory centrifuge; operational instruction and applications. Analytical Centrifuges- optics; application in sub-cellular fractionation. Care and maintenance of instrument.

#### **UNIT 2:** Chromatography

14 hours

General principles of chromatography – adsorption, partition, classification based on 1. nature of stationary and mobile phase are brought together- Planar and column chromatography, 2. based on types of mobile and/or liquid phase adsorption and partition- Gas chromatography and liquid chromatography. Based on stationary phase-thin layer chromatography, Paper chromatography; ascending, descending, circular, 2-D chromatography, Rf values.

Principles and applications of ion-exchange, gel-filtration and affinity-chromatography. Advanced chromatography- HPLC and FPLC, UPLC and GLC.

### **UNIT 3: Electrophoretic and radio isotopic methods**

14 hours

**Electrophoresis:** General principle, work of Tiselius, Supporting media - paper, agarose, polyacrylamide. Chemistry of polymerization of acrylamide gels, methodology and applications of native PAGE and SDS- PAGE, 2-D electrophoresis, Identification of proteins - dyes and biological activities. Principle and application of agarose gel and Pulse field electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis and isoelectric focusing, Cellulose acetate electrophoresis and immune-electrophoresis.

**Radioisotopic methods:** Radioactivity–Types of radioactive decay, Properties of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  radiations. Group displacement law. Decay law - decay constant, half-life period and average life of a radioactive element. Detection of radioactivity – GM counter and scintillation counters (only principle and working) Applications of radioisotopes –  $^3$ H,  $^{14}$ C,  $^{131}$ I,  $^{60}$ Co and  $^{32}$ P. Biological effects of radiations. Radiolabeling, safety measures in handling radio isotopes.

#### **UNIT 4:** Spectroscopic methods of bio-analysis

14 hours

**Spectroscopic methods:** Duel nature of light, electromagnetic spectrum, transition in spectroscopy. Principle, design and application of UV-Vis spectrophotometer. Beer-lambert law and its limitations, determination of molar absorption coefficient of molecules. Working principle and application of a colorimeter, flame photometer and fluorimeter. Principle and application of IR, and Raman, ESR and NMR spectroscopy.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Analytical techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology; Katoch, Rajan. Springer 2011
- 2. Wilson and Walker's Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology 8<sup>th</sup> Edn. Andreas Hoffman and Samuel Clockie, Ed., Cambridge University Press, 2018.
- 3. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology; 5th Edn. D. Papachristodoulou, A. Snape, W.H. Elliott, and D. C. Elliott, Oxford University Press 2014

| Formative Assessment         |                    |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| ASSESSMENT OCCASION          | WEIGHTAGE IN MARKS |  |
| CLASS TEST ( 2 CLASS TESTS ) | 20                 |  |
| SEMINARS / CLASS WORK        | 10                 |  |
| ASSIGNMENT/ OPEN DISCUSSION  | 10                 |  |
| TOTAL                        | 40                 |  |

#### **SEMESTER IV**

#### PRACTICALS IV

| COURSE TITLE               | ANALYTICAL    |
|----------------------------|---------------|
|                            | BIOCHEMISTRY  |
| COURSE CREDITS             | 02            |
| TOTAL CONTACT HOURS        | 4 Hours/ Week |
| DURATION OF ESA            | 03            |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 25            |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 25            |

**Course outcome:** This course aims to provide experimental practice of analytical techniques in Biochemistry. Upon successful completion, students should develop skills in handling instruments and understand its application in research work.

- Sourcing and handling biological samples.
  Develop skill and proficiency in basic techniques
- Centrifugation
- Chromatography
- Electrophoresis and
- Spectroscopy

#### **Experiments:**

- 1. Preparation of human lymphocytes using clinical centrifuge
- 2. Determination of packed cell volume/ hematocrit
- 3. Resolution of basic, acidic and aromatic amino acids by descending and circular paper chromatography.
- 4. Separation of plant pigments by gel-permeation chromatography
- 5. Identification and resolution of pigments by thin layer chromatography.
- 6. Determination of void volume of a gel-filtration column
- 7. Recording the absorption spectrum of riboflavin
- 8. Colorimetric estimation of glucose by DNS method
- 9. Estimation of DNA by diphenylamine method
- 10. Electrophoretic separation of plasma proteins
- 11. Estimation of protein by Biuret / Lowry's method

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Analytical techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology; Katoch, Rajan. Springer, 2011
- 2. Wilson and Walker's Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology 8<sup>th</sup> Edn. Andreas Hoffman and Samuel Clockie, Ed., Cambridge University Press, 2018.
- 3. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology; 5<sup>th</sup> Edn. D. Papachristodoulou, A. Snape, W.H. Elliott, and D. C. Elliott, Oxford University Press, 2014

| Formative Assessment                 |                    |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| ASSESSMENT OCCASION                  | WEIGHTAGE IN MARKS |  |
| CONTINUOUS EVALUATION AND CLASS TEST | 15                 |  |
| RECORD / VIVA VOCE                   | 10                 |  |
| TOTAL                                | 25                 |  |

#### SEMESTER IV

#### **OPEN ELECTIVE 1**

#### BIOCHEMICAL TOXICOLOGY

| COURSE TITLE               | BIOCHEMICAL TOXICOLOGY |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| COURSE CREDITS             | 03                     |
| TOTAL CONTACT HOURS        | 42                     |
| DURATION OF ESA            | 03                     |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 40                     |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 60                     |

**Course outcome**: This open elective course offered to various streams gives basic idea about biochemical basis of various effects of toxins/ pharmaceuticals and an outline of process involved in toxicity testing and drug dosing.

- Categorize the classes of toxicants/drugs and know specific examples
- State the routes of exposure to toxins/drugs;
- Explain the processes of absorption, metabolism and elimination of toxins/drugs; and
- Explain environmental and physiological factors that affect toxicant metabolism

#### **UNIT 1: Fundamentals of toxicology and dose response**

14 hours

Scope, definition – drug, toxins and xenobiotics; Grading toxicity, Animal model for toxicity studies, *in vitro* toxicity, organ toxicity (liver and kidney). Biomarkers as indicators of toxicity/drug effects. Concentration and site of action, dose response, effect of route of administration, ED<sub>50</sub>, LD<sub>50</sub>/TD<sub>50</sub>. Hazard and risk assessment, acceptable daily intake (ADI) and tolerable daily intake (TDI).

#### **UNIT 2**: Factors affecting toxic responses

14 hours

Disposition - outline of toxin/drug uptake, entry to cells and systemic circulation. Effect of size, shape, solubility, and charge. Major sites of absorption - liver, intestine, skin. Role of transporters - plasma proteins in distribution, plasma levels of toxins/drugs, plasma half-life. Excretion- disposition by kidney, biliary excretion.

Metabolism - types of metabolic changes of foreign compounds, biotransformation/detoxification reactions, phase-1 and, phase -2 reactions, nature of phase-1 and phase 2 enzymes.

## UNIT 3: Targets of toxic damages and biochemical mechanism of toxicity 14 hours

Toxins/drugs causing liver, kidney, gall bladder, and lung damage; Methods of identifying the damages.

Examples of biochemical toxicity mechanisms; chemical carcinogens - Benzo[a]pyrene, Tamoxifen.

Liver necrosis- carbon tetrachloride, Valproic Acid, and Iproniazid,

Kidney damage- Chloroform, Antibiotics- gentamycin,

Lung damage- 4-Ipomeanol,

Neurotoxicity- Isoniazid, parquet, primaquine, cyclophosphamide.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Biopharmaceuticals Biochemistry and Biotechnology 2nd Edn. Gary Walsh, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, England, 2003.
- 2. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology, Ghosh, M.N. 2nd Edition, Scientific Book Agency, Kolkatta, 1984.
- 3. Introduction to Biochemical Toxicology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn., <u>Ernest Hodgson</u>, <u>Robert C. Smart;</u> Wiley-Interscience; , 2001
- 4. Principles of Biochemical Toxicology, John A. Timbrell, 4th Edn. 2009, Taylor & Francis
- 5. Remington Pharmaceutical Sciences, Lippincott, Williams and Wilkins, 2000

| Formative Assessment         |                    |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| ASSESSMENT OCCASION          | WEIGHTAGE IN MARKS |  |
| CLASS TEST ( 2 CLASS TESTS ) | 20                 |  |
| SEMINARS / CLASS WORK        | 10                 |  |
| ASSIGNMENT/ OPEN DISCUSSION  | 10                 |  |
| TOTAL                        | 40                 |  |

#### **SEMESTER IV**

#### **OPEN ELECTIVE 2**

#### PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY

| COURSE TITLE               | PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| COURSE CREDITS             | 03                 |
| TOTAL CONTACT HOURS        | 42                 |
| DURATION OF ESA            | 03                 |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 40                 |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT MARKS | 60                 |

**Course outcomes:** These topics will enable the students to

- Understand the plant cell, photosynthesis, transporters, and important primary metabolites.
- Illustrate plant growth regulators, plant's responses to various biotic and abiotic stresses.
- Explain about plant secondary metabolites and their functional importance.

UNIT 1:

**Plant cell- structure and molecular components:** Introduction – structure of plant cell, cell division and cell cycle. Cytoskeleton- an overview. Outlines of energy production in plant cells, Carbon assimilation and nitrogen assimilation.

**An overview of photosynthesis:** Introduction, C3, C4 plants and crussulacean acid metabolism (CAM); photorespiration; Phytochromes, cryptochromes and phototropins. Non-protein thiols and sulfur cycle.

**Plant cell membranes and membrane transport:** Introduction to plant cell membranes and membrane constituents. Organization of transport systems across plant membranes; Different types of pumps operate at plant cell and organelle membranes; classification and importance of H<sup>+</sup>-ATPases. Ion channels-properties and significance; Aquaporins and water transport.

**Important Primary metabolites of plants:** Cellulose, starch, sucrose, oligosaccharides; fructans, gums, mucilages, poly unsaturated fatty acids, lignin, suberin, surface waxes, sulfides and sweet proteins.

UNIT 2:

**Plant growth regulators:** Auxins, cytokinins, gibberellins, abscisic acid, ethylene, brassinosteroids, polyamines, jasmonic acid, salicylic acid.

**Plant responses to biotic and abiotic stresses:** Introduction; Plant pathogens and diseases; plant defense systems - hypersensitive response; systemic acquired resistance; induced systemic resistance; Plant biotic stress response to pathogens and insects.

**Plant abiotic stress responses**: Salt stress, drought, and heavy metal stress responses; osmotic adjustment and significance of osmotic agents such as proline, sugar alcohols and quaternary ammonium compounds; An overview of oxidative stress and oxidative damage. Antioxidant enzymes and stress tolerance.

UNIT 3:

## Plant secondary metabolites (Natural products):

Introduction; secondary metabolites (natural productions) definition; classification of plant secondary metabolites (natural products). An overview of primary metabolism contribution to secondary metabolites biosynthesis.

**Alkaloids:** Classification; Contribution of amino acids for alkaloid biosynthesis; Isolation, purification and characterization of alkaloids. (S)-Seticuline-the chemical chameleon.

**Phenolics:** Classification; Classification of flavonoids; Classification of anthocyanins; Isolation, purification and characterization of phenolics.

**Terpenoids:** Classification of terpenoids, biogenic isoprene rule; volatile compounds; plant growth regulator terpenoids – gibberellin, abscisic acid; brassinosteroids and saponins Isolation, purification, and characterization of terpenoids

**Biological properties of secondary metabolites**: Role of secondary metabolites - in plants' defense; in insects' signalling, morphogenesis, and defense. Physiologically active secondary metabolites in modern medicine and therapeutic compounds for human ailments

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry Nelson & Cox. CBS Publishers & Distributors, 2013
- 2. Principles of Biochemistry Moran, Horton, Scrimgeour, Perry. Pearson, 5<sup>th</sup>Edition, 2011
- 3. Plant Biochemistry P.M. Dey & J.B. Harborne. Hart Court Asia Pvt Ltd. 1997
- 4. Plant Biochemistry and Molecular Biology P. Lea & Richard C Leegood., John Wiley & Sons. 1999
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| Formative Assessment        |                    |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| ASSESSMENT OCCASION         | WEIGHTAGE IN MARKS |  |
| CLASS TEST (2 CLASS TESTS)  | 20                 |  |
| SEMINARS / CLASS WORK       | 10                 |  |
| ASSIGNMENT/ OPEN DISCUSSION | 10                 |  |
| TOTAL                       | 40                 |  |

## B Sc III & IV SEMESTERS MODEL QUESTION PAPER BIOCHEMISTRY

| IME: | 3 h                              |                      | MAX. MARKS: 60     |
|------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
|      | NOTE: ALL SEC                    | TIONS ARE COMPULSORY |                    |
|      | S                                | SECTION A            |                    |
| 1.   | Answer any FIVE of the following |                      | $5 \times 2 = 10$  |
|      | a.                               |                      |                    |
|      | b.                               |                      |                    |
|      | c.                               |                      |                    |
|      | d.                               |                      |                    |
|      | e.                               |                      |                    |
|      | f.                               |                      |                    |
|      | g.                               |                      |                    |
|      |                                  |                      |                    |
|      |                                  | SECTION B            |                    |
|      |                                  |                      |                    |
|      | Answer any FOUR of the following |                      | $4 \times 5 = 20$  |
|      |                                  |                      |                    |
| 2.   |                                  |                      |                    |
| 3.   |                                  |                      |                    |
| 4.   |                                  |                      |                    |
| 5.   |                                  |                      |                    |
| 6.   |                                  |                      |                    |
| 7.   |                                  |                      |                    |
|      |                                  |                      |                    |
|      |                                  |                      |                    |
|      |                                  | SECTION C            |                    |
|      | Answer any THREE Questions       |                      | $3 \times 10 = 30$ |
|      |                                  |                      |                    |
| 8    |                                  |                      |                    |
| 9.   |                                  |                      |                    |
| 10.  |                                  |                      |                    |
| 11.  |                                  |                      |                    |
| 12.  |                                  | s a, b               |                    |

## BSc III & IV SEMESTERS MODEL QUESTION PAPER BIOCHEMISTRY

MAX. MARKS: 60 TIME: 3 h **OPEN ELECTIVE** 

| NOTE: ALL SECTIONS ARE COMPULSORY |
|-----------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------|

|            | i                                   | SECTION A |                    |
|------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| 1.         | Answer any FIVE of the following    |           | $5 \times 2 = 10$  |
|            | a.                                  |           |                    |
|            | b.                                  |           |                    |
|            | c.<br>d.                            |           |                    |
|            | e.                                  |           |                    |
|            | f.                                  |           |                    |
|            | g.                                  |           |                    |
|            |                                     |           |                    |
|            |                                     | SECTION B |                    |
|            | Answer any FOUR of the following    |           | $4 \times 5 = 20$  |
|            | This wer any 1 Ook of the following |           | 4 X 3 = 20         |
| 2.         |                                     |           |                    |
| 2.<br>3.   |                                     |           |                    |
| 4.         |                                     |           |                    |
| 5.         |                                     |           |                    |
| 6.<br>7.   |                                     |           |                    |
| 7.         |                                     |           |                    |
|            |                                     |           |                    |
|            |                                     | SECTION C |                    |
|            | Answer any THREE Questions          |           | $3 \times 10 = 30$ |
|            |                                     |           |                    |
| 8.         |                                     |           |                    |
| 9.         |                                     |           |                    |
| 10.<br>11. |                                     |           |                    |
| 12.        |                                     |           |                    |

Note: section C may include sub questions a, b

# INTERNAL ASSESMENT (as on 4<sup>th</sup> October meeting proceedings)

| DISCIPLINE CORE                  | DISCIPLINE / OPEN ELECTIVE       | PRACTICLAS                              |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 60 + 40 ( IA )                   | 60 + 40 ( IA )                   | 25 + 25 ( IA )                          |
| Class Test -20                   | Class Test -20                   | Continuous evaluation & class test - 15 |
| Seminars /Class work - 10        | Seminars /Class work - 10        | Record / Viva - 10                      |
| Assignment /Open discussion - 10 | Assignment /Open discussion - 10 |   |